

# **The Immune Epitope Database Analysis Resource**

**Epitope Analysis Tools:  
Adding value to epitope datasets**

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## Analysis Tools

### Analysis Tools

The tools below are intended for the detailed analysis of a known epitope sequence or group of sequences.

#### [Population Coverage](#)

This tool calculates the fraction of individuals predicted to respond to a given set of epitopes with known MHC restrictions. This calculation is made on the basis of HLA genotypic frequencies assuming non-linkage disequilibrium between HLA loci.

#### [Epitope Conservancy Analysis](#)

This tool calculates the degree of conservancy of an epitope within a given protein sequence set at different degrees of sequence identity. The degree of conservation is defined as the fraction of protein sequences containing the epitope at a given identity level.

#### [Epitope Cluster Analysis](#)

This tool groups epitopes into clusters based on sequence identity. A cluster is defined as a group of sequences which have a sequence similarity greater than the minimum sequence identity threshold specified.

#### [Computational Methods for Mapping Mimotopes to Protein Antigens](#)

This page provides information on available methods for mimotope mapping, how to search the IEDB for mimotopes, and an example of a mimotope dataset and the results of its mapping, using the available web servers hosted outside the IEDB.



#### [RATE \(Restrictor Analysis Tool for Epitopes\)](#)

The RATE is an automated method that can infer HLA restriction for a set of given epitopes from large datasets of T cell responses in HLA typed subjects. The tool takes two data files, one containing the alleles expressed by the subjects and the other containing the response of the peptides in the subjects. The tool calculates the odds ratio and estimates its significance using Fisher's exact test. It also calculates a parameter called relative frequency similar to odds ratio. The tool was developed with a focus on class II alleles but can also be applied to class I alleles.



#### [Epitope Cluster Analysis Tool 2.0](#)

This tool groups epitopes into clusters based on sequence identity. A cluster is defined as a group of sequences which have a sequence similarity greater than the minimum sequence identity threshold specified. User can also select the minimum and maximum length of peptide and also one of the three approaches for clustering of peptides.



#### [ImmunomeBrowser](#)

The tool is helpful to aggregate and visualize immune reactivity from epitope data in different assays/donors in given reference proteins using user-defined identity thresholds. The tool also accepts predicted epitopes.



*: Tools under AR Labs which are experimental and are not quite ready for production yet. They are intended for further research, updates and testing.*

# Population Coverage

- Calculates the fraction of individuals predicted to respond to a given set of epitopes with known MHC restrictions
- Based on HLA genotypic frequencies assuming non-linkage disequilibrium between HLA loci
- HLA genotypic frequencies have been updated with more comprehensive dataset (<http://allelefrequencies.net> rather than *dbMHC*)

# Population Coverage

Number of epitope(s):

Query by:  \*

Select area(s) and/or population(s):	Select calculation option(s):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>World</li> <li>East Asia                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Japan</li> <li>Japan Oriental</li> </ul> </li> <li>Korea; South                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Korea; South Oriental</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mongolia                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mongolia Oriental</li> </ul> </li> <li>Northeast Asia                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>China</li> <li>China Oriental</li> <li>Hong Kong</li> <li>Hong Kong Oriental</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<input type="checkbox"/> Class I separate <input type="checkbox"/> Class II separate <input type="checkbox"/> Class I and II combined

Query: For a set of 11 MHC class II restricted epitopes with promiscuous HLA binding, what is the population coverage in different North African populations?

Add user populations(s)  No file chosen

Enter epitope / MHC restriction data in the form below or select a file  No file chosen

\* Population datasets generously provided by Derek Middleton at [The Allele Frequency Net Database](#)

Epitope	MHC Restricted Allele(s)
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/>

## Population Coverage Calculation


Number of epitope(s):

11


Set

Query by:

Area, Country and Ethnicity \*  
\*

Select area(s) and/or population(s):	Select calculation option(s):
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- North Africa</li> <li>- Algeria</li> <li>- Arab</li> <li>- Ethiopia</li> <li>- Black</li> <li>- Mali</li> <li>- Black</li> <li>- Morocco</li> <li>- Arab</li> </ul>	<input type="checkbox"/> Class I separate <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Class II separate <input type="checkbox"/> Class I and II combined
<input type="button" value="Add user population(s)"/> 	<input type="button" value="Compute"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>

\* Population datasets generously provided by Derek Middleton at [The Allele Frequency Net Database](http://www.allelefrequency.net)

or enter epitope / MHC restriction data in the form below:

No.	Epitope	MHC Restricted Allele(s)
1	Gag 171	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01, HLA-DRB1*04:01, HLA-DRB1*04:05, HLA-DRB1*1 <input data-bbox="1400 1039 1526 1063" type="button" value="Browse..."/>
2	Gag 294	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01, HLA-DRB1*04:05, HLA-DRB1*11:01, HLA-DRB1*1 <input data-bbox="1400 1110 1526 1135" type="button" value="Browse..."/>
3	Gag 298	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01, HLA-DRB1*03:01, HLA-DRB1*04:01, HLA-DRB1*0 <input data-bbox="1400 1182 1526 1206" type="button" value="Browse..."/>
4	Pol 303	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01, HLA-DRB1*03:01, HLA-DRB1*04:05, HLA-DRB1*0 <input data-bbox="1400 1253 1526 1278" type="button" value="Browse..."/>
5	Pol 335	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01, HLA-DRB1*04:05, HLA-DRB1*13:02, HLA-DRB1*0 <input data-bbox="1400 1325 1526 1349" type="button" value="Browse..."/>
6	Pol 596	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01, HLA-DRB1*04:01, HLA-DRB1*04:05, HLA-DRB1*1 <input data-bbox="1400 1396 1526 1420" type="button" value="Browse..."/>

## Population Coverage Calculation Result

Population / Area	Class II		
	Coverage <sup>a</sup>	Average hit <sup>b</sup>	PC90 <sup>c</sup>
<a href="#">Algeria</a>	77.15%	7.25	0.88
<a href="#">Ethiopia</a>	83.00%	8.71	1.18
<a href="#">Mali</a>	0.00%	0.00	?
<a href="#">Morocco</a>	83.44%	8.14	1.21
<a href="#">Sudan</a>	60.56%	4.52	0.51
<a href="#">Tunisia</a>	74.26%	6.82	0.78
Average (Standard deviation)	63.07% (29.21%)	5.91 (2.95)	? (?)

Summary of Results  
in Table; breakdown  
in individual graphs

<sup>a</sup> projected population coverage

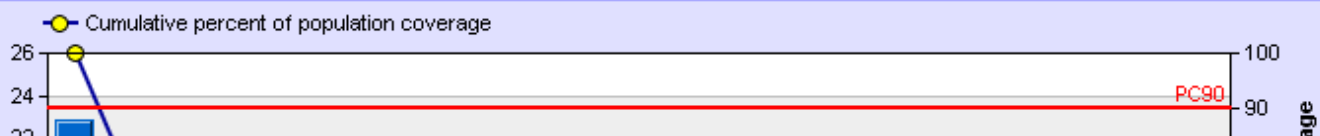
<sup>b</sup> average number of epitope hits / HLA combinations recognized by the population

<sup>c</sup> minimum number of epitope hits / HLA combinations recognized by 90% of the population

## Algeria

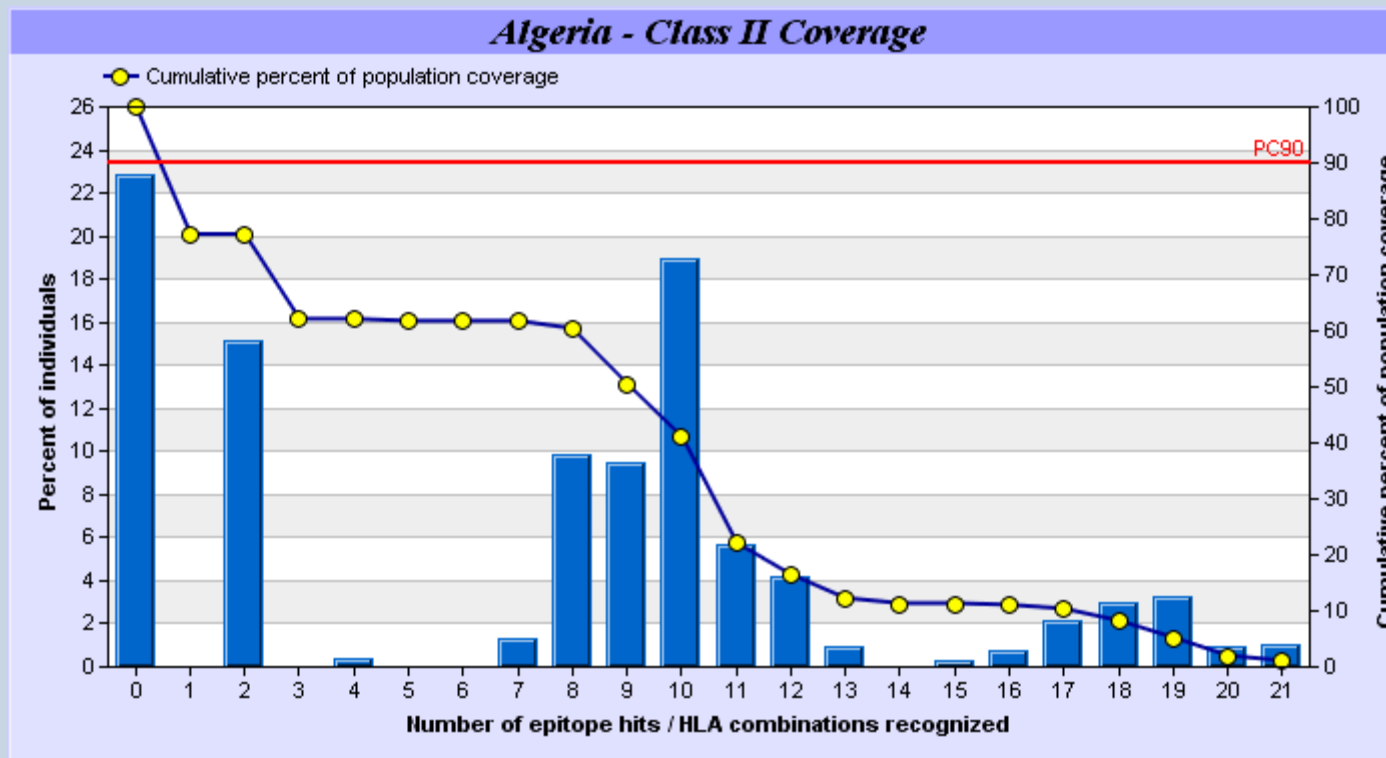
MHC Class	Coverage <sup>a</sup>	Average hit <sup>b</sup>	PC90 <sup>c</sup>
Class II	77.15%	7.25	0.88

### Algeria - Class II Coverage



# Algeria

MHC Class	Coverage <sup>a</sup>	Average hit <sup>b</sup>	PC90 <sup>c</sup>
Class II	77.15%	7.25	0.88



[View chart data in table format](#)

- a** projected population coverage
- b** average number of epitope hits / HLA combinations recognized by the population
- c** minimum number of epitope hits / HLA combinations recognized by 90% of the population

[View coverage of individual epitope in Algeria](#)

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# Epitope Conservancy Analysis

- Calculates the degree of conservancy of an epitope within a given protein sequence set at different degrees of sequence identity
- Degree of conservation is defined as the fraction of protein sequences containing the epitope at a given identity level.
- Example: How conserved are influenza A epitopes discovered prior to 2009 in the pandemic Swine flu?



# Epitope Conservancy Analysis

## Step 1. Epitope Sequence(s)

Enter epitope sequence(s) in PLAIN or FASTA format: ?

```
EVETPIRN
GLFGAIAGF
GLFGAIAGFIE
GTLVKTITDDQIEV
HHPSTNQEQTSLYVQAS
MSLLTEVETLTRNGWECKCRDSSD
MSLLTEVETLTRNGWCRCSDSSD
MSLLTEVETPIRNEWGCRCNDSSD
NVPEKQTRGIFGAIAGFIE
```

Known epitopes

Or upload epitope sequence(s) from a file: ?

## Step 2. Protein Sequence(s)

Enter protein sequence(s) in PLAIN or FASTA format: ?

```
>gi|229609555|gb|ACQ83397| /Human/HA/H1N1/Sweden/2009/04/30/
hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/Stockholm/28/2009 (H1N1)) ]
MKAILVLLYTFATANADTLICIGYHANNSTDTVDTVLEKNVTVTHSVNLLLEDKHNGLKCKLRGVAPLHLG
KCNIAGWILGNPECESLSTASSWSYIVETSSSDNGTCYPGDFIDYEELREQLSSVSSFERFEIFPKTSSW
PNHDXNKGVTAACPHAGAKSFYKNLIWLVKKGNISYPKLSKSYINDKGKEVLVLWGIHHPSTSADQQSLYQ
NADAYVFGSSRYSKFKPEIAIRPKVRDQEGRMNYYWTLVEPGDKITFEATGNLVVPRYAFAMERNAGS
GIIISDTPVHDCNTTTCQTPKGAINSLPFQNIHPITIGKCPKYVKSTKLRLATGLRNVPSIQSRGLFGAI
AGFIEGGWTGMVDGWYGYHHQNE
```

55 Pandemic flu strain sequences (2009)

Or upload protein sequence(s) from a file: ?

[Click here](#) to browse for sequences in NCBI ?

## Step 3. Calculation option(s)

Epitope No. ▲ ▼	Epitope name	Epitope sequence	Epitope length	Percent of protein sequence matches at identity ≥100% ▲ ▼	Minimum identity	Maximum identity ▲ ▼	View details
1	1	EVETPIRN	8	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	12.50%	75.00%	<a href="#">Go</a>
2	2	GLFGAIAGF	9	<b>12.53%</b> (55/439)	22.22%	100.00%	<a href="#">Go</a>
3	3	GLFGAIAGFIE	11	<b>12.53%</b> (55/439)	18.18%	100.00%	<a href="#">Go</a>
4	4	GTLVKITDDQIEV	14	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	21.43%	35.71%	<a href="#">Go</a>
5	5	HHPSTNQEQTSLYVQAS	17	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	17.65%	58.82%	<a href="#">Go</a>
6	6	MSLLTEVETLTRNGWECKRDSSD	24	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	12.50%	79.17%	<a href="#">Go</a>
7	7	MSLLTEVETLTRNGWGCRCDSSD	24	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	12.50%	83.33%	<a href="#">Go</a>
8	8	MSLLTEVETPIRNEWGCRCDSSD	24	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	12.50%	83.33%	<a href="#">Go</a>
9	9	NVPEKQTRGIFGAIAGFIE	19	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	21.05%	78.95%	<a href="#">Go</a>
10	10	SKAFSNCYPYDVPDYASL	18	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	16.67%	44.44%	<a href="#">Go</a>
11	11	SLLTEVETPIRNEWGCRCDSS	22	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	13.64%	81.82%	<a href="#">Go</a>
12	12	SLLTEVETPIRNEWGCRCDSSD	23	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	13.04%	82.61%	<a href="#">Go</a>
13	13	WTGVTQN	7	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	0.00%	57.14%	<a href="#">Go</a>
14	14	LTEVETPIRN	10	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	20.00%	80.00%	<a href="#">Go</a>
15	15	MSLLTEVETPTKNEWECRCDSSD	24	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	12.50%	87.50%	<a href="#">Go</a>
16	16	SLLTEVET	8	<b>19.59%</b> (86/439)	25.00%	100.00%	<a href="#">Go</a>
17	17	VETPIRN	7	<b>0.00%</b> (0/439)	14.29%	71.43%	<a href="#">Go</a>



## Conservancy analysis for epitope #2

Epitope name	Epitope sequence	Epitope length	Percent of protein sequence matches at identity $\geq$ 100%
2	GLFGAIAGF	9	<b>12.53%</b> (55/439)

Show records with identity

$\geq$

100%

Show records

Download data to file

Protein No. ▲ ▼	Protein name	Positions	Protein sub-sequence(s)	Identity ▼
1	<a href="#">gi 228860929 gb ACQ45338  /Human/HA/H1N1/Netherlands/2009/04/29/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/Netherlands/602/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
3	<a href="#">gi 227809925 gb ACP41145  /Human/HA/H1N1/China/2009/03/11/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/Yuelu/314/2009(H1N1))]</a>	324-332	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
7	<a href="#">gi 227809830 gb ACP41105  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/01/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/California/04/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
14	<a href="#">gi 227831759 gb ACP41926  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/03/30/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/California/05/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
22	<a href="#">gi 227831774 gb ACP41934  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/15/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/Texas/05/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
23	<a href="#">gi 227831776 gb ACP41935  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/16/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/California/06/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
41	<a href="#">gi 227831808 gb ACP41953  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/09/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/California/07/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
51	<a href="#">gi 227831826 gb ACP41963  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/14/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/Texas/04/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
54	<a href="#">gi 227977099 gb ACP44147  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/25/hemagglutinin[Influenza A virus (A/New York/19/2009(H1N1))]</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%
57	<a href="#">gi 227977104 gb ACP44150  /Human/HA/H1N1/USA/2009/04/08/</a>	345-353	GLFGAIAGF	100.00%

# Epitope Cluster Analysis

- Groups epitopes into clusters based on having sequence identity greater than a specified threshold.
- Three different clustering approaches are implemented
- Enables diverse applications such as generating epitope pools, and understanding cross-reactivity

# Clustering tool: Data input

## IEDB Analysis Resource

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### Epitope Cluster Analysis

step 1/3 Specify input peptides

#### Specify Sequence(s)

Enter epitope sequence(s) in PLAIN or FASTA format

```
MGYKA  
MGYKN  
MGYKL  
MGYAA  
MGYLA
```

Or upload epitope sequence(s) from a file

Browse...

### Epitope Cluster Analysis

step 2/3 Specify filters

#### Select Sequence Identity Threshold

Select minimum sequence identity threshold:

#### Select canonical peptides

Select minimum Peptide length:

Select maximum Peptide length:

[Start Over](#)

[Go to Step 3](#)

### Epitope Cluster Analysis

step 3/3 Specify clustering algorithm

#### Select Clustering approach

Choose clustering method:

- All the connected peptides in a cluster
- ✓ Cluster-break for clear representative sequence
- Fully intereconnected clusters (cliques)

[Go back to Step 2](#)

[Submit for Clustering](#)

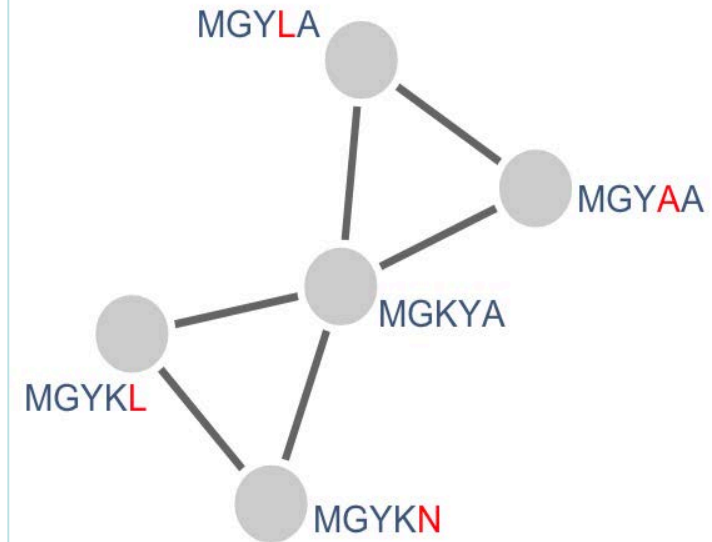
# Assessing pairwise sequence identity identifies groups

Sequence identity matrix

Sequence i	Sequence j	# Residue match	Alignment length	Sequence identity (%)
MGYKA	MGYK <b>N</b>	4	5	80
MGYKA	MGYK <b>L</b>	4	5	80
MGYKA	MGY <b>AA</b>	4	5	80
MGYKA	MGY <b>LA</b>	4	5	80
MGYK <b>N</b>	MGYK <b>L</b>	4	5	80
MGYK <b>N</b>	MGY <b>AA</b>	3	5	60
MGYK <b>N</b>	MGY <b>LA</b>	3	5	60
MGYK <b>L</b>	MGY <b>AA</b>	3	5	60
MGYK <b>L</b>	MGY <b>LA</b>	3	5	60
MGY <b>AA</b>	MGY <b>LA</b>	4	5	80

Graph based representation

Sequence identity cutoff = 80%



## Two possible grouping

**Cluster:** All peptides connected through a path are grouped together

**Clique:** Only fully connected sets of peptides are grouped together. There will be two cliques in this example.

# Epitope Clustering Results (version2.0)

Number of epitopes: 5

Number of unique epitopes: 5

Identity cutoff : 80.0%

Minimum length of peptide selected : No minimum length selected

Maximum length of peptide selected : No maximum length selected

Clustering approach selected : All connected clusters

Number of clusters : 1

[Click here to switch another clustering algorithm](#)

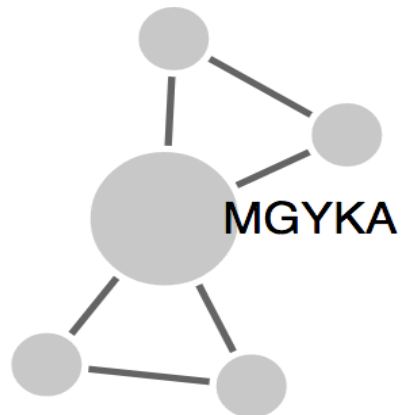
[Download result](#) 

[Citations](#)

**Show Table**

**Graphical Visualization**

Visualize a selected cluster



Position	Description	Peptide
	-	-
	seq3	MGYKL
	seq4	MGYAA
	seq2	MGYKN
	seq1	MGYKA
	seq5	MGYLA

# Example: Cross reactivity

- Problem: We have a newly identified set of 23 T cell epitopes derived from mouse proteins recognized by mouse allergic humans
- The IEDB lists 19 T cell epitopes defined from rat proteins that are homologous to the mouse protein studied. Are the recognized epitopes related?



# Clustering tool reveals groups of overlapping mouse and rat derived epitopes

Cluster Number	Peptide Number	Alignment	Position	Description	Peptide
1	Consensus	TFQLMXLYGRXXDLSSDIKEKFAKLCEA	-	-	-
1	1	TFQLMVLYGRTKDLSSDIKE-----	1	Rat Pep17	TFQLMVLYGRTKDLSSDIKE
1	2	-----GLYGREPDLSSDIKERFA-----	6	Mus Pep3	GLYGREPDLSSDIKERFA
1	3	-----YGREPDLSLDIKEK-----	8	Mus Pep7	YGREPDLSLDIKEK
1	4	-----GRTKDLSSDIKEKFAKLCEA	9	Rat Pep9	GRTKDLSSDIKEKFAKLCEA
2	Consensus	YDRYVMXHLINXXGETFQLMXLYGRTK	-	-	-
2	1	YDRYVMFHLINFKNGETFQL-----	1	Rat Pep19	YDRYVMFHLINFKNGETFQL
2	2	-----AHLINEKDGETFQLM-----	7	Mus Pep9	AHLINEKDGETFQLM
2	3	-----LINFKNGETFQLMVLYGRTK	9	Rat Pep12	LINFKNGETFQLMVLYGRTK
2	4	-----NEKDGETFQLMGLY-----	11	Mus Pep6	NEKDGETFQLMGLY
3	Consensus	EENGSMRVFXXHIXVLENSL	-	-	-
3	1	EENGSMRVFMQHIDVLENSL	1	Rat Pep4	EENGSMRVFMQHIDVLENSL
3	2	---GSMRVFVEHIVLEN---	4	Mus Pep16	GSMRVFVEHIVLEN
4	Consensus	FXXHIXVLENSLXFKFRIKE	-	-	-
4	1	FMQHIDVLENSLGFKFRIKE	1	Rat Pep6	FMQHIDVLENSLGFKFRIKE
4	2	FVEHIVLENSLAFK-----	1	Mus Pep2	FVEHIVLENSLAFK
5	Consensus	RXNIIDLTKTXRCLXARG	-	-	-
5	1	RDNIIIDLTKTDRCLQARG	1	Rat Pep14	RDNIIIDLTKTDRCLQARG
5	2	-ENIIDLTKTNRCLKA--	2	Mus Pep17	ENIIDLTKTNRCLKA
6	Consensus	GXWFSIXXASXKREKIEENG	-	-	-
6	1	GDWFSIVVASNKREKIEENG	1	Rat Pep8	GDWFSIVVASNKREKIEENG
6	2	-EWF SILLASDKREKI----	2	Mus Pep4	EWF SILLASDKREKI
7	Consensus	EEASSTGRNFNVXKINGEWHTIIL	-	-	-
7	1	EEASSTGRNFNVQKINGEWHTIIL	1	Mus Pep10	EEASSTGRNFNVQKINGEWHTIIL
7	2	-----NVEKINGEWHTIIL	11	Mus Pep13	NVEKINGEWHTIIL
8	Consensus	FVEYDGNFTTILKTDYDXY	-	-	-
8	1	FVEYDGGNTFTILKTDYDRY	1	Rat Pep7	FVEYDGGNTFTILKTDYDRY
8	2	----DGFNTFTILKTDYDN-	5	Mus Pep5	DGFNTFTILKTDYDN
9	Singleton	TFTILKTDYDRYVMFHLINF	-	Rat Pep18	TFTILKTDYDRYVMFHLINF

# Summary of the Allergen data from mouse and rat using cluster method

- 19 peptide from Rat (Jeal et al. 2004)
- 23 peptide from Mouse (Schulten et al. 2018)
- Total clusters = 30
- Singletons=22 (10 Rat, 12 Mouse).
- Clusters with  $\geq 2$  peptides = 8
- The mouse peptides that overlapped with Rat peptides were significantly more immunogenic than the singletons, suggesting that there might be a dominant immune response due to increased/repeated exposure.

# RATE

## (Restrictor Analysis Tool for Epitopes)

<http://iedb-rate.liai.org>

### Publications

Paul, S., Arlehamn, C. S. L., ... Peters, B., & Sette, A. (2017). Experimental validation of the RATE tool for inferring HLA restrictions of T cell epitopes. *BMC immunology*, 18(1), 20.

Paul, S., Dillon, M.B., ... Peters, B. and Sette, A., 2015. A population response analysis approach to assign class II HLA-epitope restrictions. *The Journal of Immunology*, p.1403074

# RATE

- Automated method to infer HLA restriction of given epitopes from immune response data of HLA typed subjects
- The method is based on comparing the frequency of donors who expressed (& not expressed) a particular allele and there was immune response (& no response) towards an epitope.

# RATE – home page

← → ↻ 🏠 ⓘ Not secure | tools.iedb.org/rate/

## IEDB Analysis Resource - Labs

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## RATE (Restrictor Analysis Tool for Epitopes)

### Enter data

Allele data

Choose File

No file chosen

Response data

Choose File

No file chosen

Cutoff for response to be considered positive

Submit

Reset

# RATE – Input

- Two data files need to be provided - Allele data & response data
- The input data need to be in specified format
- Tab separated format in plain text file

# RATE – Input: Allele data

- Sample data shown here – 12 class II alleles of 6 loci for each donor are listed in separate columns

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1	Donor-1	Donor-2	Donor-3	Donor-4	Donor-5	Donor-6	Donor-7	Donor-8	Donor-9	Donor-10	Donor-11	Donor-12	Donor-13	Donor-14	Donor-15
2	DRB1*03:01	DRB1*11:01	DRB1*01:01	DRB1*07:01	DRB1*12:01	DRB1*11:02	DRB1*08:04	DRB1*11:01	DRB1*03:01	DRB1*04:01	DRB1*01:01	DRB1*04:01	DRB1*03:02	DRB1*03:01	DRB1*04:01
3	DRB1*07:01	DRB1*15:03	DRB1*07:01	DRB1*15:03	DRB1*15:03	DRB1*13:02	DRB1*15:02	DRB1*13:02	DRB1*04:01	DRB1*07:01	DRB1*11:01	DRB1*15:01	DRB1*07:01	DRB1*14:04	DRB1*12:01
4	DRB3*02:02	DRB3*02:02	DRB3*02:02	DRB4*01:03	DRB3*01:01	DRB3*02:02	DRB5*01:02	DRB3*02:02	DRB3*01:01	DRB4*01:03	DRB3*03:01	DRB4*01:01	DRB3*01:01	DRB3*01:01	DRB3*02:01
5	DRB4*01:03	DRB5*01:01	DRB4*01:03	DRB5*01:01	DRB5*01:01	DRB3*03:01	n/a	DRB3*03:01	DRB3*02:02	DRB4*01:03	n/a	DRB5*01:01	DRB4*01:01	DRB3*02:02	DRB4*01:01
6	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*01:01	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*01:03	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*03:03	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*01:01
7	DQA1*05:01	DQA1*05:05	DQA1*05:01	DQA1*02:01	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*05:05	DQA1*04:01	DQA1*05:05	DQA1*05:01	DQA1*03:03	DQA1*01:02	DQA1*05:01	DQA1*04:01	DQA1*05:01	DQA1*03:01
8	DQB1*02:01	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*03:02	DQB1*02:02	DQB1*05:01	DQB1*03:19	DQB1*03:19	DQB1*06:09	DQB1*02:01	DQB1*02:02	DQB1*05:01	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*02:02	DQB1*02:01	DQB1*03:01
9	DQB1*05:03	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*03:02	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*06:09	DQB1*06:01	DQB1*06:09	DQB1*03:02	DQB1*02:02	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*02:02	DQB1*06:02	DQB1*06:01
10	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*01:03
11	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*03:01	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*03:01	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*02:02	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*01:03	DPA1*02:02	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*03:01	DPA1*02:01	DPA1*03:01
12	DPB1*13:01	DPB1*03:01	DPB1*17:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*18:01	DPB1*34:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*02:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*04:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*04:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*18:01
13	DPB1*17:01	DPB1*105:01	DPB1*01:01	DPB1*02:01	DPB1*105:01	DPB1*02:01	DPB1*13:01	DPB1*105:01	DPB1*17:01	DPB1*02:01	DPB1*04:02	DPB1*17:01	DPB1*105:01	DPB1*17:01	DPB1*105:01
14															
15															

# RATE – Input: Response data

- The response data (here SFC values) for each epitope in each of the donors are provided

AA24		fx											
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
Peptide #	Peptide_ID	Peptide_Seq	Donor-1	Donor-2	Donor-3	Donor-4	Donor-5	Donor-6	Donor-7	Donor-8	Donor-9	Donor-10	Donor-11
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	68	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	3531.0494	ELFVAAYVPYVAWLIV	0	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0	0
5	3531.037	AAGTYVAADAAAAS	0	0	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62



# RATE – how it works

- Restrictions are determined based on
  - Odds ratio and significance estimated using Fisher's exact test.

$$\text{OR} = \frac{(A^+R^+) \times (A^-R^-)}{(A^-R^+) \times (A^+R^-)}$$

- “Relative frequency”, a parameter estimated by the tool based on the frequency of alleles and donors responded

$$\text{RF} = \frac{A^+R^+ / (A^+R^+ + A^+R^-)}{(A^+R^+ + A^-R^+) / \text{Total donors}}$$

# RATE – results

[Home](#) [Help](#) [Example](#) [Reference](#) [Download](#) [Contact](#)

## RATE results

Input data summary	
Allele file	iedb-rate_sample_input_allele_data.txt
Response file	iedb-rate_sample_input_response_data.txt
No. of peptides	5
No. of subjects	50
Cutoff for response to be considered positive	20.0
No. of alleles expressed by subjects	90
Total peptide-allele restriction examinations done	5 x 90 = 450
Re-formatted allele data	<a href="#">Allele data</a>
Re-formatted response data	<a href="#">Response data</a>
HLA restriction results	
No. of unique peptides for which restriction is defined (in selected HLA restrictions)	4
Total no. of peptide-allele restrictions (in selected HLA restrictions)	5
RATE results (selected HLA restrictions)	<a href="#">RATE results</a>
Complete report (analysis results for all peptide-allele combinations)	<a href="#">Complete report</a>
Job id	1539919845

# RATE – results

- Epitope-allele combinations with  $RF \geq 1.3$  and  $p\text{-value} < 0.01$  are considered significant.
- Significant results selected by RATE for the example files

R15													
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
Peptide#	Peptide_id	peptide_seq	Allele#	Allele	A+R+	A-R+	A+R-	A-R-	No_of_Donors	Response_n/a	Relative_freq	Odds_ratio	P-value
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	84	DRB3*02:02	6	0	18	26	50	0	2.083	inf	0.008
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	54	DRB1*01:01	4	8	0	38	50	0	4.167	inf	0.002
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	65	DRB1*07:01	5	7	2	36	50	0	2.976	12.857	0.006
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	89	DRB5*01:01	7	2	8	30	47	3	2.437	13.125	0.002
5	3531.037	AAGTYVAADAAAAST	54	DRB1*01:01	4	2	0	44	50	0	8.333	inf	0.000

# RATE – complete report

- Complete report - all epitopes

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
Peptide#	Peptide_id	peptide_seq	Allele#	Allele	A+R+	A-R+	A+R-	A-R-	No_of_Donors	Response_n/a	Relative_f	Odds_rati	P-value
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	1	DPA1*01:03	5	1	34	10	50	0	1.068	1.471	1.000
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	1	DPA1*01:03	10	2	29	9	50	0	1.068	1.552	1.000
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	1	DPA1*01:03	8	1	28	10	47	3	1.160	2.857	0.663
4	3531.0494	ELFVAAYVPYVAWL	1	DPA1*01:03	1	0	36	11	48	2	1.297	inf	1.000
5	3531.037	AAGTYVAADAAAAS	1	DPA1*01:03	5	1	34	10	50	0	1.068	1.471	1.000
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	2	DPA1*01:04	0	6	1	43	50	0	0.000	0.000	1.000
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	2	DPA1*01:04	0	12	1	37	50	0	0.000	0.000	1.000
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	2	DPA1*01:04	0	9	1	37	47	3	0.000	0.000	1.000
4	3531.0494	ELFVAAYVPYVAWL	2	DPA1*01:04	0	1	1	46	48	2	0.000	0.000	1.000
5	3531.037	AAGTYVAADAAAAS	2	DPA1*01:04	0	6	1	43	50	0	0.000	0.000	1.000
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	3	DPA1*02:01	3	3	20	24	50	0	1.087	1.200	1.000
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	3	DPA1*02:01	5	7	18	20	50	0	0.906	0.794	1.000
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	3	DPA1*02:01	3	6	18	20	47	3	0.746	0.556	0.711
4	3531.0494	ELFVAAYVPYVAWL	3	DPA1*02:01	0	1	23	24	48	2	0.000	0.000	1.000
5	3531.037	AAGTYVAADAAAAS	3	DPA1*02:01	2	4	21	23	50	0	0.725	0.548	0.674
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	4	DPA1*02:02	1	5	10	34	50	0	0.758	0.680	1.000
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	4	DPA1*02:02	2	10	9	29	50	0	0.758	0.644	1.000
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	4	DPA1*02:02	1	8	10	28	47	3	0.475	0.350	0.663
4	3531.0494	ELFVAAYVPYVAWL	4	DPA1*02:02	0	1	11	36	48	2	0.000	0.000	1.000
5	3531.037	AAGTYVAADAAAAS	4	DPA1*02:02	1	5	10	34	50	0	0.758	0.680	1.000
1	3531.0365	GINTIPIAINEAEYV	5	DPA1*03:01	0	6	9	35	50	0	0.000	0.000	0.576
2	3531.0367	AAFQAAHARFVAAAA	5	DPA1*03:01	2	10	7	31	50	0	0.926	0.886	1.000
3	3531.0514	AAVVRFQEAANKQKQ	5	DPA1*03:01	2	7	6	32	47	3	1.306	1.524	0.639

# EPIFILTER

- Generate a validated set of reference epitopes for B cell, MHC class I and Class II
- Available with IEDB query search results
- Different filters can be applied to epitopes and assays
- Recommended settings are set as default and can be changed in “advanced options”
- Results can be exported in csv file.

# EPIFILTER – tool link

Current Filters: ✕ Epitope Structure: Linear Sequence ✕ Organism: Dengue virus (ID:12637)

Epitopes

(7967)

Antigens

(3)

Assays

(22171)

Receptors

(0)

References

(176)

Megapool Maker 



Go To Records Starting At

1200



Export Epitopes Results 

7967 Records Found

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Per Page

Details	Epitope	Antigen	Organism	# References	# Assays
74558	YLAGAGLAF	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	14	19
38400	LPAIVREAI	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	12	27
124151	FTMRLSPV	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	12	24
73429	YAQMWTLMY	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	11	16
5223	ATYGWNLVK	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	10	18
37557	LLLLLATV	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	10	22
41093	MANIFRGSY	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	10	13
56309	RVIDPRRCL	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	10	15
73428	YAQMWSLMY	Genome polyprotein	Dengue virus	10	15



# EPIFILTER – parameter selection page

 IMMUNE EPITOPE DATABASE  
AND ANALYSIS RESOURCE

## Megapool Maker T and B cell Epitopes

Megapool generates reference datasets of high quality epitopes based on query input parameters.

Epitope:

Linear Epitope  
 Discontinuous Epitope

Type of Assay:

Class I  
 Class II  
 B cell

Database maintained by the [Immune Epitope Database](http://www.iedb.org)

# EPIFILTER – advanced options

<b>Epitope Size</b>	<b>Minimum Assays Product</b>	<b>Sort epitopes by:</b>	<b>Response Frequency Threshold:</b>
Minimum <input type="text" value="8"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="Response Frequency"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Maximum <input type="text" value="11"/>			
<b>Clustering:</b>	<b>Effector Origin Multiplier: Determined Alleles only:</b>		
<input type="text" value="No"/>	Ex-Vivo <input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="No"/>	
	In-Vitro <input type="text" value="1"/>		
<b>Assay Score:</b>			
3D structure	<input type="text" value="2"/>		
binding assay	<input type="text" value="1"/>		
Cytotoxicity	<input type="text" value="2"/>		
Degranulation	<input type="text" value="0"/>		
Helper response	<input type="text" value="0"/>		
in vivo assay	<input type="text" value="0"/>		
MHC tetramer/multimer staining	<input type="text" value="3"/>		
Proliferataion Assays	<input type="text" value="1"/>		
ELISPOT	<input type="text" value="1"/>		
Intracellular cytokine staining (ICS)	<input type="text" value="2"/>		
Other cytokine assays	<input type="text" value="0"/>		



# EPIFILTER – result page

No.	Epitope/Cluster Sequence:	Epitope ID:	Source Organism	Source Protein:	MHC Restriction:	Response Coefficient:	Assay Score:	Assay Type:	Effector Origin:
1	GTSGSPIVDR	22824	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*11:01, HLA-A11	0.71	3	multimer/tetramer	Cell Line / Clone
2	AIVREAIKR	133501	Dengue virus 1	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*02:01	0.59	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
3	APIMDEEREI	150133	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-B*07:02, HLA-B*53:01	0.59	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
4	DYMPMKRF	10927	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*24:02, HLA-A*24:03, HLA-A*23:01	0.55	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
5	SPNPTVEAGR	150589	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-B*07:02	0.55	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
6	RPTFAAGLLL	150540	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-B*07:02	0.55	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
7	RSCTLPLRY	150546	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*01:01, HLA-A*30:02	0.55	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
8	TLYAVATTI	133716	Dengue virus 1	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*02:01, HLA-A*02:03	0.54	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
9	YLPVIVREA	150740	Dengue virus 1	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*02:01, HLA-A*02:03	0.52	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
10	DLMRRGDLPV	150167	Dengue virus 2	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*02:01, HLA-A*02:17	0.52	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo
11	VLNPYMPV	69672	Dengue virus 3	Genome polyprotein	HLA-A*02:01, HLA-A*02:03, HLA-A*02:17, HLA-A*02:12, HLA-A*02:19, HLA-A*02:11	0.51	4	ELISPOT	Direct Ex Vivo

Export Results

# Questions?